

Solutions to end-of-chapter problems

Chapter 5

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{5.11} \quad PW_A &= -952,000 - 1,300,000 - 126,000(P/A, 6\%, 50) \\ &= -952,000 - 1,300,000 - 126,000(15.7619) \\ &= \$-4,238,000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} PW_B &= -5(366,000) - 9000(151.18) - 340,000 - 81,500 + 500,000(P/F, 6\%, 5) \\ &= -3,612,120 + 500,000(0.7473) \\ &= \$-3,238,470 \end{aligned}$$

Select Plan B

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{5.12} \quad PW_{\text{No drains}} &= -1500(P/A, 4\%, 12) \\ &= -1500(9.3851) \\ &= \$-14,078 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} PW_{\text{Corrugated}} &= -3(7000) + 4000(P/F, 4\%, 12) \\ &= -21,000 + 4000(0.6246) \\ &= \$-18,502 \end{aligned}$$

Do not install corrugated pipe

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{5.15} \quad PW_{\text{Volk}} &= -35,000 + 15,000(P/F, 0.75\%, 60) \\ &= -35,000 + 15,000(0.6387) \\ &= \$-25,420 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} PW_{\text{Leaf}} &= -1500 - 349(P/A, 0.75\%, 60) \\ &= -1500 - 349(48.1734) \\ &= \$-18,313 \end{aligned}$$

Select the Nissan Leaf

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{5.18} \quad PW_A &= -5,000,000 - 5,500,000(P/A, 10\%, 10) \\ &= -5,000,000 - 5,500,000(6.1446) \\ &= \$-38,795,300 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} PW_B &= -5,000,000 - 25,000,000(P/F, 10\%, 2) - 30,000,000(P/F, 10\%, 7) \\ &= -5,000,000 - 25,000,000(0.8264) - 30,000,000(0.5132) \\ &= \$-41,056,000 \end{aligned}$$

Select Plan A

- 5.20** Set the PW_S relation equal to \$-33.16, and solve for the first cost X_S (a positive number) with repurchase in year 5. In \$1 million units,

$$\begin{aligned}-33.16 &= -X_S[1 + (P/F, 12\%, 5)] - 1.94(P/A, 12\%, 10) + 0.05X_S[(P/F, 12\%, 5) \\&\quad + (P/F, 12\%, 10)] \\&= -1.5674X_S - 1.94(5.6502) + 0.0445X_S\end{aligned}$$

$$1.5229X_S = -10.9614 + 33.16$$

$$X_S = \$14.576 \quad (\$14,576,000)$$

Select seawater option for any first cost $\leq \$14.576$ million

$$\begin{aligned}\textbf{5.21} \quad PW_1 &= -26,000 - 5000(P/A, 10\%, 6) - 26,000(P/F, 10\%, 3) \\&= -26,000 - 5000(4.3553) - 26,000(0.7513) \\&= \$-67,310\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}PW_2 &= -83,000 - 1400(P/A, 10\%, 6) - 2500(P/F, 10\%, 3) \\&= -83,000 - 1400(4.3553) - 2500(0.7513) \\&= \$-90,976\end{aligned}$$

Select Plan 1

- 5.25** (a) Use LCM of 12 years and select L.

- (b) Use PW over life of each alternative and select I, J and L with PW > 0.

$$\begin{aligned}\textbf{5.30} \quad FW_{\text{Old}} &= -1,300,000(F/P, 10\%, 5) - 100,000,000(F/P, 10\%, 4) \\&= -1,300,000(1.6105) - 100,000,000(1.4641) \\&= \$-148,503,650\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}FW_{\text{New}} &= -1,300,000(F/P, 10\%, 6) - 100,000,000 \\&= -1,300,000(1.7716) - 100,000,000 \\&= \$-102,303,080\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Difference} &= 148,503,650 - 102,303,080 \\&= \$46,200,570 \text{ (higher cost for old contract)}\end{aligned}$$

5.34 Use C to identify the contractor option.

$$(a) CC_C = -5 \text{ million}/0.12 = \$-41.67 \text{ million}$$

Between the three options, select the contractor

$$(b) \text{ Find } P_g \text{ and } A \text{ of the geometric gradient } (g = 2\%), \text{ then } CC.$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_g &= -5,000,000[1 - (1.02/1.12)^{50}]/(0.12 - 0.02) \\ &= -5,000,000[9.9069] \\ &= \$-49.53 \text{ million} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= P_g(A/P, 12\%, 50) \\ &= -49.53 \text{ million}(0.12042) \\ &= \$-5.96 \text{ million per year} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} CC_C &= A/i = -5.96 \text{ million}/0.12 \\ &= \$-49.70 \text{ million} \end{aligned}$$

Now, select groundwater ($CC_G = \$-48.91$) source by a relatively small margin.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{5.37} \quad CC &= (-40,000/0.08)(P/F, 8\%, 11) \\ &= (-40,000/0.08)(0.4289) \\ &= \$-214,450 \end{aligned}$$

5.47 Answer is (b)